IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

DANIEL DAVIS III,

Plaintiff,

vs.

C.A.No. 1:20——-cv-00840-MN

Jury Trial Demanded

GAS RECOVERY, LLC, and

SANTANDER CONSUMER USA INC. D/B/A CHRYSLER CAPITAL CORPORATION.

Defendants.

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

- This is an action involving a wrongful self-help repossession of a car by use of law enforcement.
- 2. A secured party may only use the remedy of self-help repossession of collateral after default if it does so without breaching the peace.
- 3. The defendant bank and its repo man breached the peace in repossessing Plaintiff
 Daniel Davis' car by refusing to heed Davis' objection to the repo, and by summoning law
 enforcement to assist with the repossession.
- 4. Defendants' actions violate the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. \$1692, et seq., Delaware's Commercial Code, 6 DE Code \$9-609, et seq., and other laws.

II. <u>JURISDICTION</u>

- 5. This Court has jurisdiction under the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("FDCPA"), 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d) and 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1337.
- 6. The Court has supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims arising out of the same nucleus of operative facts which give rise to the federal law claims.

7. Venue is proper in the District of Delaware, as the operative events took place within this District.

III. PARTIES

- 8. Plaintiff Daniel Davis III ("Plaintiff" or "Davis") is a consumer who resides at 300 Isabelle Isle, No. 206, Dover, DE 19904.
- 9. Defendant Gas Recovery, LLC ("Gas Recovery") is, upon information and belief, a Delaware limited liability company, with a principal place of business at 37050 DuPont Blvd., Selbyville, DE 19975. Gas Recovery is in the business of repossessing vehicles. Gas Recovery and its employees and agents are collectively referred to here as "the repo man."
- 10. Defendant Santander Consumer USA Inc. d/b/a Chrysler Capital Corporation ("Chrysler") is an autolicensed motor vehicle sales finance company with a registered agent an address of Corporation Trust Co., Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange St., Wilmington, DE 19801.1601 Elm Street, Suite 800, Dallas, TX 75201. Chrysler is in the business of vehicle financing principally through car dealerships.— At times herein, Gas Recovery and Chrysler are referred to collectively as "Defendants."

IV. STATEMENT OF CLAIM

- 11. In the early morning hours of June 24, 2019, Defendants attempted to repossess Plaintiff's vehicle, a 2017 Dodge Durango.
- The repo man, from Defendant Gas Recovery, LLC, was an agent of Defendant Chrysler Capital Corporation and acting at Chrysler's instruction and at Chrysler's behest.
- 13. Gas Recovery was acting on behalf of the secured creditor, Chrysler, who upon information and belief, sent the instructions for Chrysler to repossess Davis's Durango.
 - 14. Repossession is an inherently dangerous activity.

- 15. Neither Chrysler nor Gas Recovery had sought or obtained a court order or similar writ to repossess Mr. Davis' vehicle.
- 16. Defendants attempted to repossess the vehicle on two prior occasions. On both occasions, Plaintiff Davis peacefully objected to the repossession, as is his right under state and federal law.
- 17. On both prior occasions, Defendant called the Dover, DE police for assistance in the repossession. The police refused to assist.
- 18. During the June 24, 2019 repossession attempt at issue in this case, Mr. Davis again peacefully objected to the repossession, which terminated the repo man's right to repossess as a matter of law, and required him to try again or get a court order.
- Instead, Gas Recovery again called the Dover, DE police who arrived on the scene.
- 20. Rather than instruct the repo man to leave, police officers from the Dover police department, state actors, assisted the repo man in his illegal repossession by forcibly removing Mr. Davis from his vehicle.
- 21. Chrysler and its agent, the repo man, may legally repossess collateral without judicial process only "if it proceeds without breach of the peace." 6 DE Code § 9-609(b).
- 22. The duty to act properly, in good faith, without a breach of the peace is non-delegable by the lender. The actions of the repo man are all attributable to Chrysler and Chrysler is strictly and vicariously liable therefor.
- 23. Chrysler and Gas Recovery, through the actions of their repo man, breached the peace by attempting to take Davis' vehicle over his objection and protest, and by using law enforcement to help with the repossession.

- 24. Any right to repossess Mr. Davis' vehicle dissolved upon Davis's objection and the Defendants' breach of the peace.
- 25. Defendants breached the peace by causing a disturbance, refusing to leave after being asked to leave, attempting to forcibly take the vehicle over Mr. Davis' objections, and enlisting the police to assist with the seizure of the collateral.
- 26. The confrontation, Plaintiff's objection, and the entry of law enforcement officers singularly and collectively constitute a breach of the peace.
- 27. Defendants repossessed Plaintiff's vehicle without justification or legal entitlement. The repossession was not commercially reasonable.
- 28. As a result of each Defendant's conduct, Plaintiff Mr. Davis lost his primary mode of transportation and has suffered physical injuries, pecuniary loss, mental and emotional distress, aggravation, stress, worry, humiliation, and embarrassment.

COUNT I FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT (Against Gas Recovery, LLC)

- 29. Plaintiff repeats the allegations contained above as if the same were here set forth at length.
- 30. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as that term is defined under the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3).
- 31. Defendant, Gas Recovery, LLC was acting as a "debt collector" as that term is defined under 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).
- 32. The FDCPA prohibits a debt collector from engaging in unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect a debt, including taking any non-judicial action to effect

dispossession or disablement of property when there is no present right to do so. 15 U.S.C. § 1692f(6).

33. Defendant, Gas Recovery repossessed Plaintiff's vehicle when it had no lawful present right to do so, as the plaintiff's objection and the breach of the peace vitiated any statutory right to repossess without a court order or writ.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Daniel Davis III demands judgment against Defendant Gas Recovery, LLC for:

- (a) Damages;
- (b) Attorney fees and costs as permitted under 15 U.S.C. § 1692k; and
- (c) Such other relief as the Court may be deem just and proper.

COUNT II DELAWARE'S UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE

(Against Santander Consumer USA Inc. d/b/a Chrysler Capital Corporation)

- 34. Plaintiff repeats the allegations contained above as if the same were here set forth at length.
- 35. Once the breach of the peace occurred, any license or justification for the repo man to repossess ceases. -6 DE Code § 9-609.
- 36. Chrysler did not act in a commercially reasonable manner in repossessing Plaintiff's vehicle, and had no proper basis under the UCC to do so. 6 DE Code § 9-609, 9-610.
- 37. As a result of Chrysler's wrongful repossession and failure to comply with UCC Article 9, Plaintiff is entitled to damages. 6 DE Code § 9-625.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Daniel Davis III demands judgment against Defendant, <u>Santander Consumer USA Inc. d/b/a</u> Chrysler Capital-Corporation for:

(a) Damages; and

(b) Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

COUNT III WRONGFUL REPOSSESSION/CONVERSION/TRESPASS (Against Chrysler and Gas Recovery)

- 38. Plaintiff repeats the allegations contained above as if the same were here set forth at length.
- 39. Defendants, Chrysler and Gas Recovery wrongfully repossessed Plaintiff's vehicle.
- 40. Defendants took Plaintiff's vehicle without his consent, without lawful justification, and without a then-present right to possession.
- 41. Defendants trespassed on Plaintiff's personal property in order to repossess the vehicle and breached the peace.
- 42. As a result of each Defendants intentional, willful and reckless conduct, Plaintiff has been damaged.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Daniel Davis III, demands judgment against Defendants Santander Consumer USA Inc. d/b/a Chrysler Capital Corporation and Gas Recovery, LLC, jointly and severally, for the following:

- (a) Actual damages;
- (b) Punitive damages;
- (c) Interest; and
- (d) Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

COUNT IV
NEGLIGENCE
(Against Chrysler and Gas Recovery)

- 43. Plaintiff repeats the allegations contained above as if the same were here set forth at length.
- 44. Non-judicial repossessions of personal property are deemed inherently dangerous because they involve a foreseeable risk of confrontation, violence and other similar behavior.
- 45. Defendants have and had a non-delegable duty to insure that any non-judicial repossession would be effected strictly in accordance with the law and contract, and without a breach of the peace.
- 46. In order to fulfill the duties required of a secured party and of a licensed repossessor, Defendants were under a duty to exercise reasonable care in the hiring, training, supervision and use of its employees and agents.
- 47. Defendants had a duty to use reasonable care in effecting a repossession, with due regard for the rights and safety of the public, the Plaintiff and others with whom they might interact on behalf of their employer/principal(s).
- 48. Defendants breached their duty of care in the hiring, training and supervision of the repossessors and agents used to perform this and other non-judicial repossessions.
- 49. Defendants breached their duty of care by calling law enforcement and contributing to the breach of peace at the scene of the repossession.
- 50. As a result of the aforesaid negligence and breach of duty, Plaintiff suffered the injuries and damages set forth above.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, Daniel Davis III, demands judgment against Defendants

<u>Santander Consumer USA Inc. d/b/a</u> Chrysler Capital—Corporation and Gas Recovery, LLC, jointly and severally, for the following:

- (a) Damages;
- (b) Punitive damages;
- (c) Interest;
- (d) Such other and further relief as the Court shall deem just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury as to all issues so triable.

Respectfully submitted:

THE NEUBERGER FIRM, P.A.

Date: June 23LAW OFFICE OF MARY HIGGINS,

LLC

By:

Dated: September 18, 2020-

/s/-Thomas S. Neuberger, Esq

THOMAS S. NEUBERGER, ESQ. (#243) STEPHEN J. NEUBERGER, ESQ. (#4440)

17 Harlech Drive, P.O. Box 4481 Wilmington, Delaware 19807 (Mary Higgins, DE (ID #4179)

Mary Anne McLane Detweiler (ID #3415)

University Office Plaza

Commonwealth Building, Suite 201

260 Chapman Road Newark, DE 19702

Telephone: 302) 655 0582 525-6607

SJN@NeubergerLawFacsimile: 302-525-6618

mary.higgins@letsbelegal.com

TSN@NeubergerLawmaryamclane@letsbelegal.co 4

m

Counsel for Plaintiff

Formatted: No underline

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", First line: 2", Don't keep

with next, Don't keep lines together

Formatted: Font: Italic, Underline, Font color: Black

Formatted: Justified, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Font: Times New Roman, Font color: Black

Formatted: Font: Times New Roman, Font color: Black

Formatted: Font: Times New Roman, Font color: Black

Formatted: Font: Times New Roman

Formatted: Justified, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Justified, Don't keep with next, Don't keep lines together

Formatted: Font: Times New Roman

8

FLITTER MILZ, P.C.

CARY L. FLITTER (PA# 35047) ANDREW M. MILZ (PA# 207715)

-JODY **←**

Formatted: Font: Italic

Formatted: Indent: Left: 3"

T. LOPEZ-JACOBS (PA# 320522)

450 N. Narberth Avenue, Suite 101 Narberth, PA 19072 (610) 822-0782 cflitter@consumerslaw.com amilz@consumerslaw.com jlopez-jacobs@consumerslaw.com

 p_{ro}

Messrs. Milz & Lopez-Jacobs admitted pro hac vice admissions to be sought

Attorneys for Plaintiff